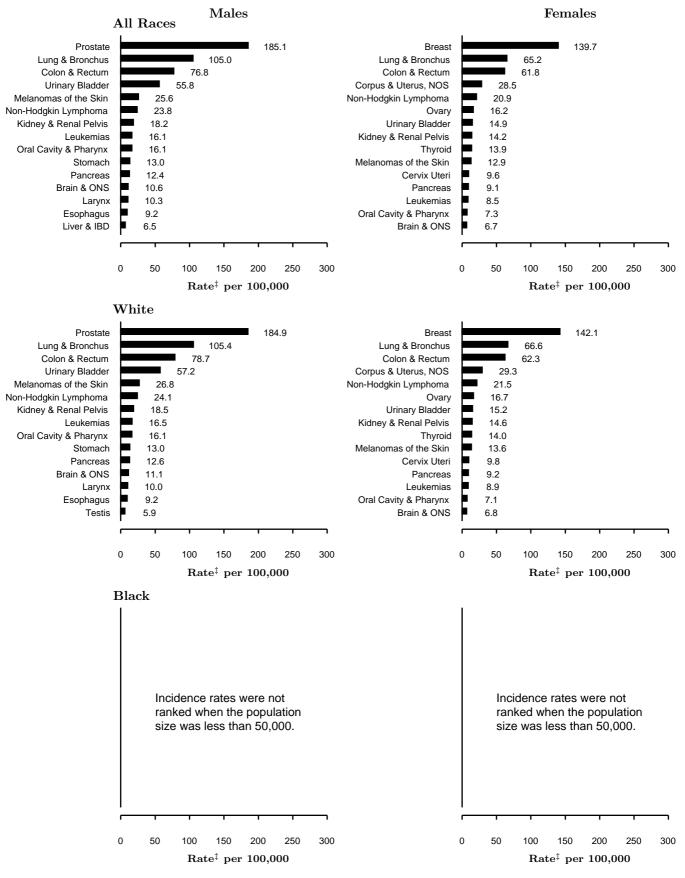
Figure 3.37: Invasive Cancer Incidence Rates for the 15 Primary Sites with the Highest Age-Adjusted Incidence Rates within Race- and Sex-Specific Categories

## Rhode Island,\*† 1999



<sup>\*</sup> Data meet the following data quality criteria for all invasive cancer sites combined: case ascertainment is at least 90% complete;  $\geq$  97% of cases pass a standard set of computerized edits;  $\leq$  5% of cases were ascertained by death certificate only;  $\leq$  3% of cases are missing information on sex;  $\leq$  5% of cases are missing information on race;  $\leq$  3% of cases are missing information on age. See Appendix H for registry-specific data quality information.

Source: United States Cancer Statistics, 1999 Incidence, November 2002.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>dagger}$  Excludes basal and squamous cell carcinomas of the skin except when these occur on the skin of the genital organs, and in situ cancers except urinary bladder.

<sup>‡</sup> Rates are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population. See Table 2.1.1-2.25.2 for 95% confidence intervals for rates and footnote regarding 1999 population denominators. Rates are suppressed and not ranked if case counts are fewer than 16 or if the population of the specific race-sex category is less than 50,000.

Note: ONS - Other Nervous System; NOS - Not Otherwise Specified; IBD - Intrahepatic Bile Duct.

Urinary bladder cases include invasive and in situ.